

Expanding trinomials

A LEVEL LINKS

Scheme of work: 1a. Algebraic expressions – basic algebraic manipulation, indices and surds

Example 1 Expand and simplify $(x + 3)(x + 2)(x - 4)$

$$\begin{aligned}(x + 3)(x + 2) \\ &= x(x + 2) + 3(x + 2) \\ &= x^2 + 2x + 3x + 6 \\ &= x^2 + 5x + 6\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}(x^2 + 5x + 6)(x - 4) \\ &= x(x^2 + 5x + 6) - 4(x^2 + 5x + 6) \\ &= x^3 + 5x^2 + 6x - 4x^2 - 20x - 24 \\ &= x^3 + x^2 - 14x - 24\end{aligned}$$

- 1 Expand the first two brackets first by multiplying $(x + 2)$ by x and $(x + 2)$ by 3
- 2 Simplify by collecting like terms:
 $2x + 3x = 5x$
- 3 Expand the two brackets by multiplying $(x^2 + 5x + 6)$ by x and $(x^2 + 5x + 6)$ by -4
- 4 Simplify by collecting like terms:
 $5x^2 - 4x^2 = x^2$
 $6x - 20x = -14x$

Practice questions

1 Expand and simplify.

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|----------|--------------------------|----------|---------------------------|
| a | $3(x - 2)(x + 4)$ | b | $x(x - 5)(x - 3)$ |
| c | $y(x - 3)(x + 2)$ | d | $x(2x + 1)(4x - 1)$ |
| e | $y(x - 3y + 3)(2x + 1)$ | f | $3x(2x - y - 3)(2x + y)$ |
| g | $(x - 3)(x + 2)(2x - 7)$ | h | $(3x - 2)(7 + 4x)(x - 2)$ |
| i | $(x - 3)(x - 4)(x + 5)$ | j | $(3x - 2)(2x + 2)(x + 1)$ |
| k | $(x - 3y)^3$ | l | $(2x - 5y)^3$ |

Answers

1 Expand and simplify.

- | | | | |
|----------|-----------------------------------|----------|------------------------------------|
| a | $3x^2 + 6x - 24$ | b | $x^3 - 8x^2 + 15x$ |
| c | $x^2y - xy - 6y$ | d | $8x^3 + 2x^2 - x$ |
| e | $2x^2y - 6xy^2 - 3y^2 + 7xy + 3y$ | f | $12x^3 - 3xy^2 - 18x^2 - 9xy$ |
| g | $2x^3 - 9x^2 - 5x + 42$ | h | $12x^3 - 11x^2 - 40x + 28$ |
| i | $x^3 - 2x^2 - 23x + 60$ | j | $6x^3 + 8x^2 - 2x - 4$ |
| k | $x^3 - 9x^2y + 27xy^2 - 27y^3$ | l | $8x^3 - 60x^2y + 150xy^2 - 125y^3$ |